

Five-Year Juvenile Delinquent (JD) Detention Admission Trends <sup>1, 2</sup>						
Region/County	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	Percent <sup>4</sup> Change (2018-2022)
Statewide	2,801	2,847	1,933	1,622	2,221	-21%
New York City <sup>3</sup>	1,435	1,225	776	700	1,151	-20%
Rest of State	1,366	1,622	1,157	922	1,070	-22%
Albany	82	101	62	51	84	2%
Allegany	4	8	6	5	0	-100%
Broome	38	50	19	29	17	-55%
Cattaraugus	21	21	14	10	5	-76%
Cayuga	12	16	15	11	8	-33%
Chautauqua	8	13	3	2	1	-88%
Chemung	27	33	19	5	15	-44%
Chenango	1	2	1	1	0	-100%
Clinton	2	2	1	0	0	-100%
Columbia	1	1	2	1	2	100%
Cortland	0	2	0	0	0	*
Delaware	0	7	1	1	0	*
Dutchess	40	38	30	26	41	3%
Erie	269	323	205	168	158	-41%
Essex	0	0	1	0	2	*
Franklin	2	0	0	2	1	-50%
Fulton	1	3	2	1	5	400%
Genesee	4	4	1	3	0	-100%
Greene	2	0	2	3	0	-100%
Hamilton	0	0	0	0	0	*
Herkimer	5	11	7	4	6	20%
Jefferson	11	10	11	2	3	-73%
Lewis	0	1	1	1	2	*
Livingston	5	12	7	9	9	80%
Madison	5	8	5	10	9	80%
Monroe	99	97	78	81	109	10%
Montgomery	7	6	3	4	4	-43%
Nassau	89	102	107	65	97	9%
Niagara	24	30	17	11	16	-33%
Oneida	64	88	43	51	58	-9%
Onondaga	98	123	61	36	70	-29%
Ontario	20	25	16	8	7	-65%
Orange	21	15	16	14	9	-57%
Orleans	3	1	1	2	0	-100%
Oswego	1	9	6	1	1	0%
Otsego	0	2	5	2	1	*
Putnam	0	0	1	0	2	*
Rensselaer	20	27	22	12	14	-30%
Rockland	2	1	3	2	10	400%
St. Lawrence	3	4	3	1	3	0%
Saratoga	5	4	7	3	6	20%
Schenectady	74	53	45	39	23	-69%
Schoharie	2	0	3	2	3	50%
Schuyler	2	3	4	1	0	-100%
Seneca	2	2	3	1	2	0%
Steuben	17	14	12	6	8	-53%
Suffolk	115	155	142	142	128	11%
Sullivan	8	6	2	5	3	-63%
Tioga	4	8	7	6	8	100%
Tompkins	8	0	5	3	4	-50%
Ulster	6	5	2	4	1	-83%
Warren	2	4	0	2	3	50%
Washington	0	4	1	0	1	*
Wayne	6	8	16	9	6	0%
Westchester	122	147	108	63	101	-17%
Wyoming	0	3	2	0	1	*
Yates	2	10	1	1	3	50%

\*Percent change could not be calculated due to a zero count in the comparison period.

Extract Dates: 2018 (03/02/2019), 2019 (03/09/2020), 2020 (02/13/2021), 2021 (02/19/2022), 2022 (02/18/2023)

Data extracted from the Juvenile Detention Automated System (JDAS).

These figures may not match those reported elsewhere for the same period if extracted on different dates due to data entry lag.

## Notes

<sup>1</sup> **Admissions** – A count of admissions to detention that occurred during the year. For a detention event to be counted, admission date must be on or after the first day of the year and on or before the last day of the year. A single youth can have multiple admissions during a year.

<sup>2</sup> **Case Type** – Indicates whether a youth was admitted as an Adolescent Offender (AO), Vehicle Traffic Law (VTL) Misdemeanant, Juvenile Offender (JO) or Juvenile Delinquent (JD). This report includes JDs only.

**Adolescent Offender (AO)** – An Adolescent Offender is a person 16 years of age charged with a felony on or after October 1, 2018 and a person 17 years of age charged with a felony on or after October 1, 2019 (CPL 1.20 (44)). AO cases are heard in the Youth Part of adult Criminal Court; however, they may be removed to Family Court for processing (CPL 722.23). Adolescent Offenders whose cases are removed to Family Court are treated as Juvenile Delinquents.

**Vehicle Traffic Law (VTL) Misdemeanant** – A VTL Misdemeanant is a person 16 years of age charged with a misdemeanor under the Vehicle and Traffic Law on or after October 1, 2018 and a person 17 years of age charged with a misdemeanor under the Vehicle and Traffic Law on or after October 1, 2019. Although these cases are heard in local Criminal Court, VTL Misdemeanants sentenced to a term of imprisonment before age 21 are served in Specialized Secure Detention (SSD) facilities (PEN 70.20 (4)(a-2)).

**Juvenile Offender (JO)** – A Juvenile Offender is a person 13 to 15 years of age charged with a serious violent felony pursuant to Section 1.20(42) of the NYS Criminal Procedure Law (CPL). JO cases are heard in the Youth Part of adult Criminal Court.

**Juvenile Delinquent (JD)** – A Juvenile Delinquent is a person 7 to 15 years of age who has committed an act which would be considered a crime if the person were old enough and capable of being treated as an adult. Sixteen year olds charged with a misdemeanor (except those charged under the NYS Vehicle and Traffic Law) on or after October 1, 2018 and 17 year olds charged with a misdemeanor (except those charged under the NYS Vehicle and Traffic Law) on or after October 1, 2019 are also Juvenile Delinquents (FCT 301.2(1)). JD cases are heard in Family Court.

<sup>3</sup> **New York City (NYC)** – All NYC numbers exclude youth served at Horizon SJD, the Specialized Secure Detention facility designated to serve youth under the age of 18 who can no longer be housed at Rikers.

<sup>4</sup> **Percent Change** – This column is calculated using the following formula:  
$$\left( \frac{\text{\#Admissions Most Recent Year} - \text{\#Admissions Four Years Prior}}{\text{\#Admissions Four Years Prior}} \right) * 100$$

### ***Unit of Observation***

This report includes counts of detention events—**not** the number of unique youth detained. A detention event is defined as a continuous detention stay that does not involve a change in Case Type (see Note 2) or Home County. A stay concludes when there is a break in detention of one or more days, or a change in Case Type or Home County. A single youth can have multiple detention events/stays during the year.

Please note that this report excludes all detention events involving Interstate and Out-of-State youth.