

RUNAWAY AND HOMELESS YOUTH

Annual Report

2012



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Introduction

In 1978, New York State adopted the State Runaway and Homeless Youth Act (RHYA) following the passage of the federal Runaway Youth Act, Title III of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974. New York State's Runaway and Homeless Youth Act, Executive Law Article 19-H, created a framework for counties to develop strategies to serve youth under the age of 18 who needed emergency housing and short-term services. As a result of the RHYA counties developed plans, matched state funds with local resources, and services were developed in major metropolitan areas across the state.

In the 1980s, counties reported an emerging population of older homeless youth who did not have families to return to and were without sufficient resources and skills to live on their own. In 1985, the RHYA was amended to include provisions to meet the longer term needs of older homeless youth. Some counties with emergency services for runaway youth designed transitional independent living support programs to serve young people aged 16 to 21.

In 2012, 28 counties, and New York City, provided residential and non-residential services to 12,848 young people with a New York State appropriation of RHYA funds totaling, \$2,570,256.

In accordance with § 532 – e(d) of the Executive Law, the New York State Office of Children and Family Services (OCFS) in administering and overseeing the RHYA is to “submit to the governor and legislature an annual report detailing the numbers and characteristics of runaway and otherwise homeless youth throughout the state and their problems and service needs.”

To gather data for the annual report, OCFS conducted an *Annual Survey of Services* of all programs funded or certified by OCFS which serve runaway and homeless youth, and any other programs in the state which primarily serve runaway and homeless youth. This report includes information from 59 individual program respondents in 28 counties including New York City. The information contained in this narrative features highlights of that information; please refer to the appended tables for further detail.

This report is solely concerned with the services provided to youth who self-identify as runaways or otherwise homeless, although these programs may also provide services to youth in need of crisis intervention or respite services who are under eighteen years of age and who are potential respondents under Article 7 of the Family Court Act.

Background

OCFS administers RHYA which requires a local planning process to identify any unmet needs of runaway and homeless youth. OCFS provides a maximum of 60 percent matching funds to counties to operate or contract for runaways and homeless youth services, issues operating certificates to facilities serving runaway and homeless youth, and conducts periodic on-site inspections of residential RHYA programs. While the NYS RHYA appropriation for calendar year 2012 was \$2,570,256, OCFS Youth Development/Delinquency Prevention (YDDP) and Special Delinquency Prevention Program (SDPP) funds may be used for runaway and homeless youth programs.

I. Short-term Crisis Programs (RHYA Part I)

A. Overview

Approved runaway programs serve runaway youth under the age of eighteen who are absent from their legal residences without the consent of their parents, legal guardians or custodians. Approved runaway programs provide short-term crisis shelter and support services to runaway youth in order for arrangements to be made to return the youth home where possible, or to move the youth to an alternative residential placement when necessary.

B. County Runaway and Homeless Youth Service Coordinator

Each county that applies for and receives RHYA funding must have a designated Runaway and Homeless Youth Service Coordinator. Part I funds may be used to support a Runaway and Homeless Youth Service Coordinator. The Runaway and Homeless Youth Service Coordinator responsible for answering inquiries at any time concerning transportation, shelter and other services available to runaway and homeless youth, or to youth in need of crisis intervention or respite services. The Runaway and Homeless Youth Service coordinator also conducts local planning, manages contracts and monitors services for runaway and homeless youth.

C. Maximum Length of Stay

Length of stay in an approved runaway program residential facility shall not exceed thirty days from the date of the runaway youth's admission. With the written approval of the youth, and the youth's parent, guardian or legal custodian, the youth may remain in the program for a total period of up to sixty days. The program director must first obtain the approval of the Runaway and Homeless Youth Services Coordinator. Extensions beyond 60 days are only possible where the program director determines after consultation with the family court that a petition will be filed pursuant to Article 10 of the Family Court Act in order to protect the runaway youth in the program. If the youth involved is in the program at the time the petition is filed with the family court, the youth may remain in the program on a voluntary basis, beyond the thirty day maximum length of stay period until final resolution of the family court proceeding.

D. Funding

RHYA Part I funding provides up to a maximum of 60 percent state aid for RHYA activities. At least half of the 40 percent local share must be from local tax dollars. The State appropriation for RHYA Part I in 2012 was \$1,330,543.

E. RHYA Part I Program Models

Shelters – Residential programs with up to 20 beds for males and/or females either age 16-20 or under age 18. In 2012, OCFS certified shelters served 5071 (unduplicated) runaway youth.

Interim families (host homes) – Families that provide care to one or two youth under age 21. In 2012, OCFS-certified Interim Family Programs with certified homes served 65 (unduplicated) youth.

Non-residential services – Case management, referral and advocacy. In 2012, non-residential case management programs served 2519 (unduplicated) youth in crisis.

Hotlines – Information and referral to young people seeking runaway and homeless youth services. Based on the information provided, 20 hotlines responded to 8,985 inquiries. This information was obtained through the annual survey, but is not shown on the report tables.

II. Long-term Transitional Independent Living Support Programs (RHYA Part II)

A. Overview

Long-term transitional independent living support programs are for older homeless youth who lack a place of shelter where supervision and care are available. Programs service young people who become homeless as a result of a wide range of circumstances and either cannot return home or have no home to which to return. Developing skills to live independently is the ultimate goal for young people in these programs.

B. Length of Stay

Pursuant to 532(a)(6) of the Executive Law, supportive services may be provided for a period of up to eighteen months in accordance with OCFS regulations. In accordance with §532-d(f) of the Executive Law, a transitional independent living support program may continue to provide services to a homeless youth who is not yet eighteen years of age but who has reached the eighteen month maximum, until he or she is eighteen years of age or for an additional six months if he or she is still under the age of eighteen.

C. Funding

RHYA Part II funding provides state aid up to 60 percent of applicable costs, up to the amount allocated to the county for such activities. The 40 percent local share may be derived from any combination of

local sources; there is no specific local tax match requirement. A county must have short-term crisis services available to access RHYA Part II funds. The State appropriation for RHYA II in 2012 was \$1,239,713.

D. RHYA Part II Program Models

Supported Residence – Programs that provide an actual independent living environment for up to five homeless youth of the same gender.

Group Residences – Programs that provide an environment that encourages the development and practice of independent living skills for up to twenty homeless youth both males and/or females. In 2012, OCFS-certified group residences and supported residences served 777 (unduplicated) homeless youth.

Non-residential Services – support services, exclusive of shelter, which include case management, counseling, referral and advocacy and teaching of independent living skills. In 2012, 1,219 (unduplicated) young people were served by non-residential case management programs.

Data Collection

This annual report summarizes data collected through the RHYA *Annual Survey of Services*. This survey gathers aggregate data from programs which *primarily* serve runaway and homeless youth. While young homeless youth are sometimes served in other program types, such as family and domestic violence shelters, they are not homeless “without supervision and care” as defined in the RHYA statute because they are with a parent or other caregiver. Therefore, this annual report includes only information reported by programs that primarily serve runaway and homeless youth as defined by the RHYA. It is important to avoid comparisons to previous years because the number of programs reporting each year is different due to start-ups and terminations.

Surveys were sent to designated county Runaway and Homeless Youth Service coordinators who were requested to distribute surveys to RHYA funded and/or certified programs and any to other programs in the county that primarily serve runaway and homeless youth, both residential and non-residential. OCFS does not presume this report contains data on *every* young person in the state considered to be a runaway and homeless youth. By the nature of their situation, many runaway and homeless youth are in hiding, underground, or reluctant to seek services. In addition, not all counties have runaway and homeless youth programs. Therefore, this report only contains data on runaway and homeless youth who sought and received services from a program that is part of the known runaway and homeless youth-serving network.

Some of the tables are based on *duplicated counts* and others on *unduplicated counts*. Duplicated counts include runaway and homeless youth who were provided services more than once during the calendar year. This figure is used to gauge the full number of service units. Unduplicated counts include the actual number of different runaway and homeless youth that were served by RHY programs and services.

The information presented in this report is culled from selected questions on the survey as noted below:

- ❖ **Table 1: Duplicate Admissions by County**
- ❖ **Table 2: Characteristics of Runaway and Homeless Youth Admitted by Program Type**
- ❖ **Table 3: Number of Issues Identified and Services Needed by Youth 2012**
- ❖ **Table 4: Runaway and Homeless Youth Services Directly Provided 2012**
- ❖ **Table 5: Runaway and Homeless Youth Who Received Services by Referral to Other Agencies 2012**
- ❖ **Table 6: Duration of Services Provided to Runaway and Homeless Youth Discharged from Short-Term Crisis Programs 2012**
- ❖ **Table 7: Duration of Services Provided to Runaway and homeless Youth Discharged from Long Term Crisis Programs 2012**
- ❖ **Table 8: Prior Institutional Care of Runaway and Homeless Youth Admitted in 2012**
- ❖ **Table 9: Runaway and Homeless Youth Living Situation at Discharge 2012**
- ❖ **Table 10: Runaway and Homeless Youth Identified but not Served and Services Needed**

Summary: Duplicate Admissions by County [Table 1]

There were 12,848 (duplicated) admissions to runaway and homeless youth programs during the 2012 program year. Non-residential programs served 38 percent of the duplicated total receiving services; 62 percent of the total number of duplicated youth served were served in residential programs. In addition 8,985 calls were received throughout the state by runaway and homeless youth hotlines, and 73,949 contacts were made through RHY prevention/outreach programs in 2012. This information was obtained through the annual survey, but is not shown on the report tables. The largest number of runaway and homeless youth was reported from New York City, with 36 percent of the duplicated total.

Summary: Characteristics of Runaway and Homeless Youth Admitted by Program Type [Table 2]

Of the 9,651 unduplicated count of youth served, 56 percent of service recipients were female; 44 percent of service recipients were male. Thirty-eight percent were Black, non-Hispanic; 34 percent were White, non-Hispanic; 15 percent were Hispanic; 12 percent were multi-racial; one percent were Asian/Pacific Islander and less than one percent were Native American/Alaskan. Seventy-one percent of youth served were age 16 and older; 20 percent were between the ages of 11 and 15, and 9 percent were age 10 or younger.

Summary: Number of Issues Identified and Services Needed by Youth 2012 [Table 3]

Of the 12,848 duplicated count of young people admitted to runaway and homeless youth programs in 2012, a wide range of issues and service needs were self-reported.

- 55 percent Homeless
- 48 percent Conflict with parent or parental figure
- 34 percent Unemployed

- 32 percent Issues with guardian/family/parent/custodial figure
- 28 percent Lack of affordable housing
- 27 percent Lack of independent living or life skills
- 22 percent Education related issues
- 16 percent Victim of abuse/neglect
- 14 percent Absent parent (jail, deceased, or otherwise unavailable)
- 12 percent Known mental health diagnosis
- 8 percent Health issues
- 8 percent Delinquency/criminal activity
- 7 percent Pregnant/parenting/childcare
- 7 percent LGBTQ
- 5 percent Child care of dependent children
- 3 percent Suicidal
- 1 percent Gang violence issue

Less than two percent of youth reported being involved in either sex or labor trafficking. Youth involved in either sex or labor trafficking are reluctant to self-identify because of a fear of being labeled.

Summary: Runaway and Homeless Youth Services Directly Provided 2012 [Table 4]

Listed below is a summary of the types of direct services provided by RHYA programs:

- 83 percent Case management
- 82 percent Basic needs (all residential programs provide basic need to youth)
- 58 percent Independent living/life skills training
- 54 percent Recreation
- 39 percent Formal counseling
- 33 percent Health care (including dental)
- 27 percent Employment/employability skills
- 18 percent Education
- 18 percent Mental health/therapy
- 16 percent Alternative housing
- 12 percent HIV/Aids counseling
- 10 percent Substance abuse treatment and counseling
- 8 percent Parenting education
- 7 percent Legal

Summary: Runaway and Homeless Youth Who Received Services by Referral to Other Agencies 2012 [Table 5]

Below is a summary of the types of services runaway and homeless youth were referred to:

- 24 percent Basic needs (all residential programs provide basic need to youth)
- 22 percent Education
- 18 percent Employment/employability skills
- 18 percent Independent living/life skills training

- 17 percent Entitlement (PA, SSI, other)
- 17 percent Health care (including dental)
- 16 percent Case Management
- 12 percent Alternative housing
- 12 percent Formal counseling
- 11 percent Mental health/therapy
- 11 percent Recreation
- 9 percent Other residential (includes adult shelter)
- 5 percent HIV/Aids counseling
- 5 percent Legal
- 4 percent Substance abuse treatment and counseling
- 3 percent Parenting education

Summary: Duration of Services Provided to Runaway and Homeless Youth Discharged from Short-Term Crisis Programs 2012 [Table 6] and Duration of Services Provided to Runaway and Homeless Youth Discharged from Long-Term Crisis Programs 2012 [Table 7]

Of the 9,573 runaway and homeless youth discharged from short-term crisis programs (Part I) in 2012, 34 percent had stays of seven days or less; 20 percent had stays of between eight to 20 days; 34 percent had stays of between 21 and 60 days and 13 percent had stays longer than 60 days.

Of the 1,521 runaway and homeless youth discharged in from long-term independent living programs (Part II) in 2012, 31 percent were stays of two months or less; 32 percent were two to six month stays; 20 percent were six to 12 month stays, and 17 percent were stays of 12 months or longer.

Summary: Prior Institutional Care of Runaway and Homeless Youth Admitted in 2012 [Table 8]

2,417 youth had prior institutional care; of these 57 percent of all youth had been served within 30 days of admission to RHY programs and 43 percent were served beyond 30 days of admission but within a year. Those youth discharged from prior care more than a year ago are not included in this data.

Interviewed youth who reported prior institutional care reported receiving that care from the following continuum of services:

- 31 percent were in a Local DSS/Voluntary Agency
- 20 percent were in a mental health facility
- 11 percent were in jail or prison
- 11 percent were in an OCFS facility
- 5 percent were in a substance abuse facility
- 5 percent were in detention

Summary: Runaway and Homeless Youth Living Situation at Discharge 2012 [Table 9]

10,318 runaway and homeless youth were discharged in 2012. Following is a list of the youth’s living situation at time of discharge:

	Part I	Part II
➤ home	38 percent	Parent/guardian/custodian’s 25 percent
➤	13 percent	Relative or friend’s home 22 percent
➤ program	5 percent	Transitional Independent living 4 percent
➤ percent	18 percent	Living Independently 3
➤ secure detention	1 percent	Foster or group home, non- 2 percent

Report is based on data provided to the Office of Youth Development, by Runaway and Homeless Youth service providers.

Summary: Runaway and Homeless Youth Identified but not Served and Services Needed [Table 10]

Information contained in this table represents data from Prevention/Outreach programs as well as hotline information. This information is useful to provide a more complete picture of the Runaway and Homeless Youth population and of the services that could be beneficial for local youth serving departments as they develop locally driven plans and service continuums.

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Table 1					
Duplicate Admissions by County					
County	Total	Short Term		Long Term	
		Residential	Non Residential	Residential	Non Residential
Albany	161	127	0	34	0
Bronx	24	0	0	24	0
Broome	47	32	0	15	0
Cattaraugus	5	0	5	0	0
Chautauqua	91	63	0	28	0
Dutchess	329	147	0	24	158
Erie	518	288	0	67	163
Herkimer	62	11	51	0	0
Kings	157	0	0	157	0
Madison	47	1	0	0	46
Monroe	815	591	28	69	127
Nassau	628	209	209	16	194
New York	4381	4189	0	192	0
Niagara	409	138	271	0	0
Oneida	352	0	251	41	60
Onondaga	370	246	0	35	89
Orange	179	179	0	0	0
Oswego	923	3	897	23	0
Putnam	84	54	30	0	0
Queens	23	0	0	23	0
Richmond	20	0	0	20	0
Rockland	46	46	0	0	0
Saratoga	127	127	0	0	0
Schenectady	429	195	0	0	234
Schuyler	51	0	51	0	0
Seneca	43	0	43	0	0
Suffolk	1306	46	1158	26	76
Tompkins	615	4	28	15	568
Ulster	258	193	13	24	28
Warren	108	80	0	28	0
Washington	0	0	0	0	0
Wayne	46	0	7	0	39
Westchester	194	194	0	0	0
Totals	12,848	7,163	3,042	861	1,782

Table 2									
Characteristics of Runaway and Homeless Youth									
Admitted by Program Type									
	Total	Short Term					Long Term		
		Crisis Shelter	Interim Family	Residential Total	Non Residential	Short Term Total	Residential	Non Residential	Long Term Total
Admissions/Intake									
Admit/Dup	12848	7092	71	7163	3042	10205	861	1782	2643
Admit/UnDup	9651	5071	65	5136	2519	7655	777	1219	1996
Gender(unduplicated)									
Males	4251	2206	16	2222	1172	3394	345	512	857
Females	5400	2865	49	2914	1347	4261	432	707	1139
Ethnicity (unduplicated)									
Native Am/Al	29	16	0	16	7	23	4	2	6
Asian/Pac Islndr	77	43	1	44	23	67	7	3	10
Black,non-Hisp	3672	2457	11	2468	375	2843	333	496	829
Hispanic	1410	864	14	878	233	1111	148	151	299
White,non-Hisp	3292	841	34	875	1727	2602	217	473	690
Multi - Racial	1171	850	5	855	154	1009	68	94	162
Age (unduplicated)									
Age 10 and under	827	417	0	417	375	792	35	0	35
Age 11	158	12	0	12	146	158	0	0	0
Age 12	217	76	0	76	132	208	0	9	9
Age 13	366	180	1	181	176	357	0	9	9
Age 14	519	304	4	308	194	502	0	17	17
Age 15	704	376	9	385	280	665	0	39	39
Age 16	945	455	16	471	319	790	54	101	155
Age 17	1368	597	15	612	492	1104	91	173	264
Age 18	1672	980	13	993	219	1212	191	269	460
Age 19	1513	917	2	919	119	1038	208	267	475
Age 20	1362	757	5	762	67	829	198	335	533
Teenaged Parents									
No. TeenParents	839	531	4	535	36	571	153	115	268
Teens w/Children	611	397	0	397	19	416	100	95	195
Children with Teen Parents	615	420	0	420	20	440	97	78	175

Issues Identified by Youth*:	Total	Short Term					Long Term		
		Crisis Shelter	Interim Family	Residential Total	Non Residential	Short Term Total	Residential	Non Residential	Long Term Total
Lack of independent living or life skills	3517	1436	46	1482	603	2085	547	885	1432
Homeless:	7116	5263	22	5285	386	5671	758	687	1445
Issues with guardian/family/parent/custodial figure:	4170	2148	53	2201	722	2923	503	744	1247
Conflict with parent or parental figure	6122	3558	56	3614	923	4537	593	992	1585
Education Related Issues:	2786	1507	11	1518	415	1933	344	509	853
Unemployed:	4396	3163	25	3188	269	3457	383	556	939
Health issues:	979	505	2	507	121	628	197	154	351
Lack of affordable housing	3619	1717	6	1723	635	2358	480	781	1261
Victim of abuse/neglect	2089	1253	22	1275	228	1503	232	354	586
Known mental health diagnosis	1481	995	11	1006	96	1102	121	258	379
Absent parent jail, deceased or otherwise unavailable:	1830	962	9	971	279	1250	256	324	580
Delinquency/criminal activity:	1063	508	12	520	236	756	101	206	307
Pregnant/parenting/child care:	843	501	4	505	70	575	134	134	268
Child care of dependent children:	598	408	0	408	3	411	93	94	187
Sex trafficking:	165	79	2	81	8	89	38	38	76
Suicidal:	414	244	2	246	71	317	30	67	97
LGBTQ issues:	840	671	3	674	73	747	35	58	93
Gang violence issue:	146	79	0	79	21	100	31	15	46
Labor trafficking:	96	48	0	48	13	61	25	10	35
Substance Abuse	1419	837	12	849	162	1011	134	274	408
*Numbers reflect duplicated admissions with multiple issues and service needs.									
	43,689	25,882	298	26,180	5,334	31,514	5,035	7,140	12,175

**Table 4
Runaway and Homeless Youth Services Directly Provided 2012**

Services Provided:*	Total	Short Term					Long Term		
		Crisis Shelter	Interim Family	Residential Total	Non Residential	Short Term Total	Residential	Non Residential	Long Term Total
Case management:	10617	7041	71	7112	1502	8614	849	1154	2003
Basic needs:**	10536	7041	71	7112	1427	8539	849	1148	1997
Recreation:	6989	5358	24	5382	406	5788	699	502	1201
Independent living/ life skills training:	7486	4599	33	4632	1171	5803	743	940	1683
Employment/ employability skills:	3499	1883	27	1910	188	2098	712	689	1401
Formal counseling:	4982	3399	10	3409	849	4258	380	344	724
Health care (including dental):	4195	3876	0	3876	23	3899	269	27	296
Education:	2355	1591	12	1603	278	1881	328	146	474
Alternative housing:	2094	1144	27	1171	62	1233	364	497	861
HIV/Aids counseling: (more than sharing info at intake)	1571	1312	0	1312	4	1316	188	67	255
Parenting education:	974	571	0	571	78	649	174	151	325
Mental health/therapy:	2280	1833	0	1833	318	2151	123	6	129
Legal:	865	614	1	615	27	642	142	81	223
Substance abuse treatment and counseling:	1348	1127	0	1127	44	1171	73	104	177
	59791	41389	276	41665	6377	48042	5893	5856	
*Numbers reflect duplicated admissions with multiple issues and service needs.									
** All residential programs provide basic needs to youth									

**Table 5
Runaway and Homeless Youth Who Received Services by Referral to Other Agencies in
2012**

Services Provided:*	Short Term						Long Term		
	Total	Crisis Shelter	Interim Family	Residential Total	Non Residential	Short Term Total	Residential	Non Residential	Long Term Total
Education:	2829	1452	13	1465	643	2108	349	372	721
Case management:	2040	1369	6	1375	84	1459	141	440	581
Basic needs:**	3023	989	17	1006	1072	2078	188	757	945
Health care (including dental):	2166	1125	18	1143	294	1437	440	289	729
Formal counseling:	1547	1000	12	1012	282	1294	173	80	253
Entitlement (PA, SSI, other):	2162	976	5	981	624	1605	244	313	557
Recreation:	1367	798	17	815	170	985	244	138	382
Mental health/therapy:	1371	765	16	781	138	919	233	219	452
Employment/employability skills:	2296	1186	18	1204	255	1459	308	529	837
Independent living/life skills training:	2332	934	21	955	760	1715	172	445	617
Alternative housing:	1507	757	26	783	99	882	162	463	625
HIV/Aids counseling:	619	522	0	522	3	525	58	36	94
Legal:	622	395	3	398	21	419	84	119	203
Other residential (includes adult shelters):	1143	838	15	853	32	885	89	169	258
Substance abuse, treatment and counseling:	519	289	2	291	93	384	84	51	135
Parenting education:	355	170	0	170	41	211	48	96	144
	25898	13565	189		4611		3017	4516	
*Numbers reflect duplicated admissions with multiple issues and service needs.									
** All residential programs provide basic needs to youth									

Table 6

Duration of Services Provided to Runaway and Homeless Youth Discharged from Short Term Crisis Programs in 2012

Length of Stay of Discharged Youth (Duplicated)	Short Term Total	Residential Programs						Non Residential Programs
		Crisis Shelter			Interim Family			
		Youth in Residence	After Care	Shelter Total	Youth in Residence	After Care	Interim Total	
1 day or less:	1088	734	0	734	7	0	7	347
2 - 7 days:	2158	2081	0	2081	47	0	47	30
8 - 13 days:	1001	966	0	966	8	0	8	27
14 - 20 days:	877	818	0	818	10	3	13	46
21 - 30 days:	1642	1376	138	1514	2	0	2	126
31 - 60 days:	1608	824	190	1014	211	20	231	363
more than 60 days:	1199	68	138	206	0	24	24	969

Table 7

Duration of Services Provided to Runaway and Homeless Youth Discharged from Long Term Crisis Programs in 2012

Length of Stay of Discharged Youth (Duplicated)	Grand Total	Independent Living		Non -Residential Programs
		Youth in Residential Only	Aftercare	
1 - 2 months:	471	124	36	311
2 - 3 months:	201	88	27	86
3 - 6 months:	292	111	20	161
6 - 9 months:	182	105	3	74
9 - 12 months:	116	52	7	57
12 - 18 months:	164	66	5	93
18+ months:	95	62	17	16
	1521	608	115	798

Table 8									
Prior Institutional Care of Runaway and Homeless Youth Admitted in 2012*									
Type of Care (Duplicated)	Short Term						Long Term		
	Total	Crisis Shelter	Interim Family	Residential Total	Non Residential	Short Term Total	Residential	Non Residential	Long Term Total
No prior institutional care	5041	2217	47	2264	1963	4227	457	357	814
<i>Discharges from Institutional Care Within 30 Days:</i>									
Local DSS/voluntary agency:	599	534	0	534	30	564	15	20	35
Mental health facility:	235	199	2	201	24	225	4	6	10
Jail/prison:	133	93	2	95	9	104	11	18	29
Substance abuse facility:	48	41	0	41	2	43	5	0	5
OCFS facility:	191	150	0	150	1	151	19	21	40
Detention:	64	51	0	51	0	51	1	12	13
Other:	97	66	0	66	8	74	22	1	23
<i>Discharges from Institutional Care More than 30 Days but Within a Year:</i>									
Local DSS/voluntary agency:	147	106	1	107	4	111	14	22	36
Mental health facility:	252	167	1	168	34	202	16	34	50
Jail/prison:	140	44	3	47	13	60	27	53	80
Substance abuse facility:	64	28	0	28	17	45	8	11	19
OCFS facility:	65	44	0	44	4	48	8	9	17
Detention:	51	34	2	36	0	36	3	12	15
Other:	331	4	0	4	1	5	1	325	326
*Those youth discharged from prior care more than a year ago are not included in the table.									

Table 9									
Runaway and Homeless Youth Living Situation at Discharge 2012									
		Short Term					Long Term		
	Total	Crisis Shelter	Interim Family	Residential Total	Non Residential	Short Term Total	Residential	Non Residential	Long Term Total
Parent/guardian/ custodian's home:	3770	1929	32	1961	1444	3405	148	217	365
Relative or friend's home:	1486	776	13	789	379	1168	192	126	318
Crisis shelter:	945	908	2	910	4	914	20	11	31
Transitional independent living program:	527	426	10	436	33	469	19	39	58
Living Independently:	493	210	3	213	19	232	164	97	261
Foster or group home, on secure detention	141	108	3	111	8	119	1	21	22
Mental health psychiatric residential treatment:	80	68	1	69	1	70	8	2	10
Known to be on the run/streets:	69	51	0	51	9	60	4	5	9
Jail/secure detention:	65	52	0	52	2	54	8	3	11
Homeless family shelter:	94	71	1	72	1	73	21	0	21
Drug or residential treatment center	24	17	0	17	2	19	4	1	5
Residential education/ job corps:	37	21	0	21	1	22	8	7	15
Unknown:	2052	1708	0	1708	29	1737	38	277	315
Other:	535	520	0	520	1	521	14	0	14

Table 10*									
Runaway and Homeless Youth Identified but not served and Services needed									
	Short Term					Long Term			
	Total	Crisis Shelter	Interim Family	Res Total	Non Res	Short Term Total	Res	Non Res	Long Term Total
Youth Identified but not Served*									
Youth unwilling to follow through or no show:	1862	737	48	785	289	1074	540	248	788
No available shelter space:	805	531	14	545	8	553	252	0	252
Too old:	892	618	25	643	8	651	77	164	241
Mental health problems too severe for program safety	367	153	12	165	32	197	126	44	170
Severe behavior problems/non-compliance	254	149	7	156	9	165	84	5	89
Too young:	200	55	2	57	26	83	37	80	117
Violence (including gang involvement):	75	43	2	45	8	53	20	2	22
Abusing drugs/alcohol-needs treatment:	88	20	3	23	15	38	47	3	50
No interim family available:	415	378	4	382	25	407	8	0	8
Parent with child(ren) not accepted:	45	32	0	32	1	33	12	0	12
Too physically sick/ disabled:	19	11	0	11	2	13	6	0	6
Pregnant youth not accepted:	10	2	0	2	0	2	8	0	8
Other reasons:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Services Needed									
Supportive (long term) housing/ greater than 1 year:	1285	545	5	550	76	626	283	376	659
Employment:	544	253	0	253	25	278	107	159	266
Supportive (short term) housing/less than 1 year:	1501	524	82	606	73	679	199	623	822
Vocational training:	207	140	0	140	1	141	39	27	66
Counseling:	283	217	0	217	6	223	1	59	60
Parent training:	270	203	0	203	8	211	6	53	59
Basic needs:	150	81	3	84	60	144	2	4	6
Mental health:	455	277	1	278	53	331	30	94	124
Case management:	203	142	0	142	2	144	44	15	59
General health care:	103	41	0	41	4	45	6	52	58
Recreation	330	208	0	208	36	244	12	74	86
Substance abuse treatment:	152	76	0	76	1	77	12	63	75
Education:	165	116	0	116	22	138	3	24	27
Life skills/independent living training:	206	133	0	133	21	154	52	0	52
Legal:	53	23	0	23	9	32	21	0	21
HIV/Aids:	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0
PA, SSI or other entitlement	117	59	3	62	32	94	1	22	23

* Updated table 10 due to calculation error